Introduced by Assembly Member Montanez

February 22, 2006

An act to amend Sections 4702 and 4706.5 of the Labor Code, relating to workers' compensation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2292, as introduced, Montanez. Workers' compensation: death benefits.

Existing workers' compensation law requires employers to secure the payment of workers' compensation, including medical treatment, for injuries incurred by their employees that arise out of, or in the course of, employment. Existing law prescribes statutory death benefits required to be paid to the dependents, or, if there are no dependents, to the personal representative of the deceased employee, heirs, or other persons entitled to a deceased employee's accrued and unpaid compensation under specified workers' compensation laws.

This bill would specify that those death benefits shall be paid to a surviving dependent, personal representative, heir, or other person entitled to compensation under specified workers compensation laws, notwithstanding any amount of the deceased employee's accrued and unpaid compensation that is paid or owing to a surviving dependent, personal representative, heir, or other person entitled to a deceased employee's accrued and unpaid compensation.

Existing law requires an employer, whenever any fatal injury is suffered by an employee under circumstances that would entitle the employee to compensation benefits, but for his or her death, and the employee does not leave surviving any person entitled to a dependency death benefit, to pay a sum to the Department of

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Industrial Relations equal to the total dependency death benefit that would be payable to a surviving spouse with no dependent minor children.

This bill would specify that the department may only take action to collect any amounts it alleges are due if it has conducted a reasonable search to determine whether a deceased employee has any surviving dependents, personal representatives, heirs, or other persons entitled to the deceased employee's accrued and unpaid compensation under specified workers' compensation laws, and would prohibit the department from collecting those death benefits if any of those persons are determined to exist.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to clarify existing statutory requirements governing the payment of death benefits to the survivors of deceased employees under the workers' compensation system when the employee suffered a
- 5 fatal injury.

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- SEC. 2. Section 4702 of the Labor Code is amended to read:
- 7 4702. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section and
- 8 Sections 4553, 4554, 4557, and 4558, and notwithstanding any 9 amount of compensation paid or otherwise owing to the surviving
- dependent, personal representative, heir, or other person entitled
- 11 to a deceased employee's accrued and unpaid compensation, the
- death benefit in cases of total dependency shall be as follows:
- 13 (1) In the case of two total dependents and regardless of the 14 number of partial dependents, for injuries occurring before
- 15 January 1, 1991, ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000), for
- 16 injuries occurring on or after January 1, 1991, one hundred
- 17 fifteen thousand dollars (\$115,000), for injuries occurring on or
- 18 after July 1, 1994, one hundred thirty-five thousand dollars
- 19 (\$135,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1996, one
- 20 hundred forty-five thousand dollars (\$145,000), and for injuries
- 21 occurring on or after January 1, 2006, two hundred ninety
- 22 thousand dollars (\$290,000).
- 23 (2) In the case of one total dependent and one or more partial dependents, for injuries occurring before January 1, 1991,

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seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 1991, ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1994, one hundred fifteen thousand dollars (\$115,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1996, one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000), and for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2006, two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), plus four times the amount annually devoted to the support of the partial dependents, but not more than the following: for injuries occurring before January 1, 1991, a total of ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 1991, one hundred fifteen thousand dollars (\$115,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1994, one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1996, one hundred forty-five thousand dollars (\$145,000), and for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2006, two hundred ninety thousand dollars (\$290,000).

(3) In the case of one total dependent and no partial dependents, for injuries occurring before January 1, 1991, seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 1991, ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1994, one hundred fifteen thousand dollars (\$115,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1996, one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000), and for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2006, two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).

- (4) (A) In the case of no total dependents and one or more partial dependents, for injuries occurring before January 1, 1991, four times the amount annually devoted to the support of the partial dependents, but not more than seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 1991, a total of ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1994, one hundred fifteen thousand dollars (\$115,000), and for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1996, but before January 1, 2006, one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000).
- (B) In the case of no total dependents and one or more partial dependents, eight times the amount annually devoted to the support of the partial dependents, for injuries occurring on or

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1 after January 1, 2006, but not more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
3 (5) In the case of three or more total dependents and regardless

- (5) In the case of three or more total dependents and regardless of the number of partial dependents, one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1994, one hundred sixty thousand dollars (\$160,000), for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1996, and three hundred twenty thousand dollars (\$320,000), for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2006.
- (6) (A) In the case of a police officer who has no total dependents and no partial dependents, for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2003, and prior to January 1, 2004, two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) to the estate of the deceased police officer.
- (B) For injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2004, in the case of no total dependents and no partial dependents, two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) to the estate of the deceased employee.
- (b) A death benefit in all cases shall be paid in installments in the same manner and amounts as temporary total disability indemnity would have to be made to the employee, unless the appeals board otherwise orders. However, no payment shall be made at a weekly rate of less than two hundred twenty-four dollars (\$224).
- (c) Disability indemnity shall not be deducted from the death benefit and shall be paid in addition to the death benefit when the injury resulting in death occurs after September 30, 1949.
- (d) All rights under this section existing prior to January 1, 1990, shall be continued in force.
- SEC. 3. Section 4706.5 of the Labor Code is amended to read:
- 4706.5. (a) Whenever any fatal injury is suffered by an employee under circumstances that would entitle the employee to compensation benefits, but for his or her death, and the employee does not leave surviving any person entitled to a dependency death benefit, the employer shall pay a sum to the Department of Industrial Relations equal to the total dependency death benefit that would be payable to a surviving spouse with no dependent minor children.

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(b) When the deceased employee leaves no surviving dependent, personal representative, heir, or other person entitled to the accrued and unpaid compensation referred to in Section 4700, the accrued and unpaid compensation shall be paid by the employer to the Department of Industrial Relations.

- (c) The payments to be made to the Department of Industrial Relations, as required by subdivisions (a) and (b), shall be deposited in the General Fund and shall be credited, as a reimbursement, to any appropriation to the Department of Industrial Relations for payment of the additional compensation for subsequent injury provided in Article 5 (commencing with Section 4751), in the fiscal year in which the Controller's receipt is issued.
- (d) The payments to be made to the Department of Industrial Relations, as required by subdivision (a), shall be paid to the department in a lump sum in the manner provided in subdivision (b) of Section 5101.
- (e) The Department of Industrial Relations shall keep a record of all payments due the state under this section, and shall take any steps as may be necessary to collect those amounts. The department may only take action to collect any amounts it alleges are due if it has conducted a reasonable search to determine whether a deceased employee has any surviving dependents, personal representatives, heirs, or other persons entitled to the deceased employee's accrued and unpaid compensation under those provisions, and shall not collect those amounts if such a dependent, personal representative, heir, or other person entitled to the deceased employees accrued and unpaid compensation is determined to exist.
- (f) Each employer, or the employer's insurance carrier, shall notify the administrative director, in any form as the administrative director may prescribe, of each employee death, except when the employer has actual knowledge or notice that the deceased employee left a surviving dependent.
- (g) When, after a reasonable search, the employer concludes that the deceased employee left no one surviving who is entitled to a dependency death benefit, and concludes that the death was under circumstances that would entitle the employee to compensation benefits, the employer may voluntarily make the payment referred to in subdivision (a). Payments so made shall

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- 1 be construed as payments made pursuant to an appeals board
- 2 findings and award. Thereafter, if the appeals board finds that the
- 3 deceased employee did in fact leave a person surviving who is
- 4 entitled to a dependency death benefit, upon that finding, all
- 5 payments referred to in subdivision (a) that have been made shall
- 6 be forthwith returned to the employer, or if insured, to the
- 7 employer's workers' compensation carrier that indemnified the
- 8 employer for the loss.